

## METHODOLOGY AND PROFILE



#### **METHODOLOGY**













**3 012 experts** interviewed in **50 countries** 

161 in Mexico

Online interviews

Survey link was sent by Axa to their community of experts (internal and external: mainly clients and brokers).



Survey conducted in 15 countries, 19 003 interviews among representative samples of the population aged 18 y.o. and more in each country.

May, 14th to June, 15th 2024

May, 14th to June, 27th 2024

**Online interviews** via Ipsos Access Panel.

Quota method applied to gender, age, occupation, region and marketsize.

**Reading notes:** All results are expressed in percentages (%).

When a result presented on the basis of a sub-sample is significantly higher than the overall result (with a 95% confidence threshold\*), it is presented on a green background. If the result is significantly lower than the overall result (with a 95% confidence level\*), it is shown on a red background. [The calculation of significant differences (with 95% thresholds) is based on the chi2 method]. Translated with DeepL.com (free version)



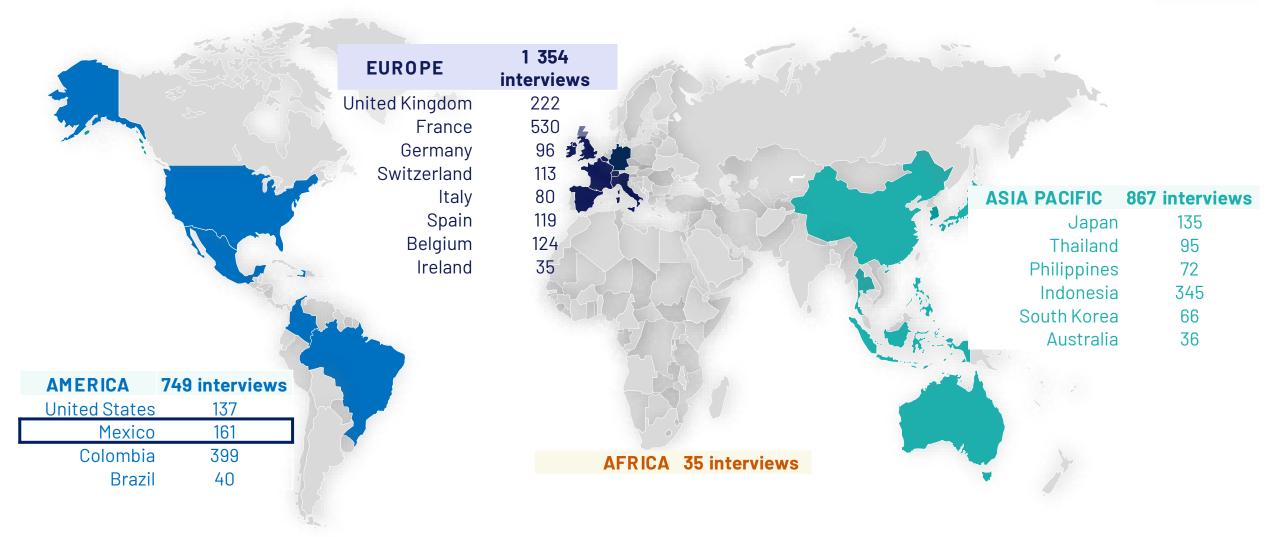
This report has been drawn up in compliance with the international standard ISO 20252 "Market, social and opinion research".

This report was reviewed by Etienne Mercier, Director of Social research & Healthcare in the Public Affairs department, Ipsos France.



#### **TARGET 1: 3 012 Experts**







**TARGET 2: general population** 

A survey conducted in 15 countries: 19 003









AMERICA 6 000 interviews
United States 5 000

Mexico 1000

Morocco 1002 Nigeria 1000



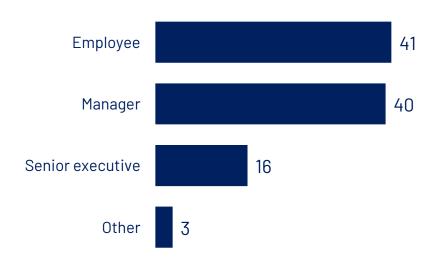
#### **TARGET 1: Profile of the experts - AXA**



#### Per status within AXA











Ipsos

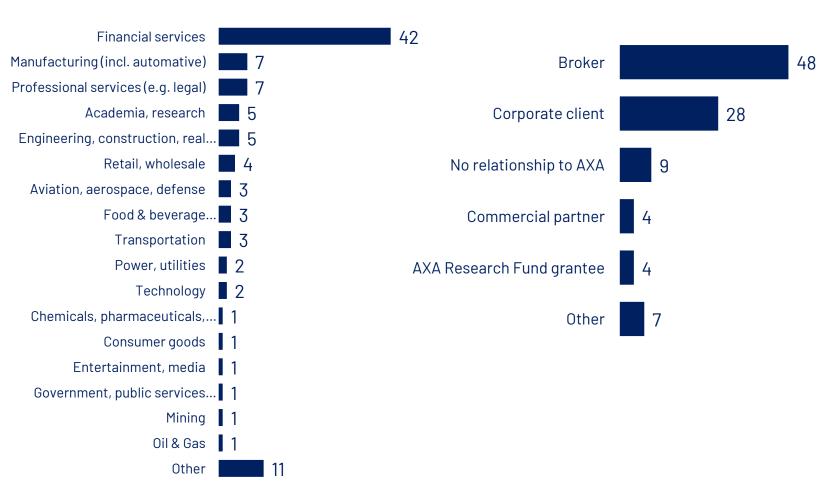
#### **TARGET 1: Profile of the External Experts**

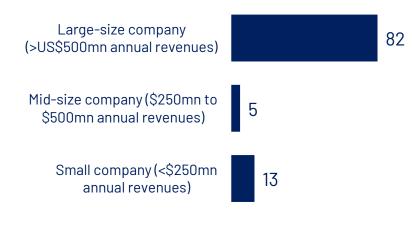


#### **Professionnal sector**

#### Relationship with AXA









## THE WORLD FACES A POLYCRISIS THAT KEEPS GETTING WORSE



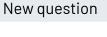


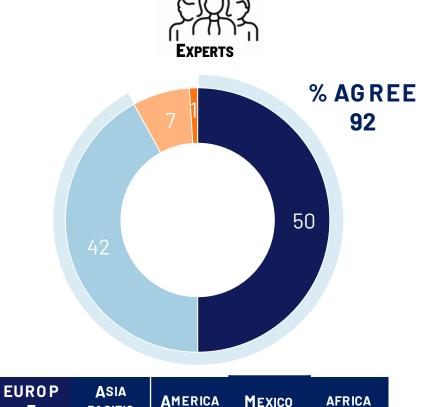
## POLYCRISIS: A GROWING GLOBAL REALITY ACKNOWLEDGED BY GENERAL PUBLIC AND EXPERTS

Would you say that in the recent years...



#### ...there has been an increasing number of crises





87

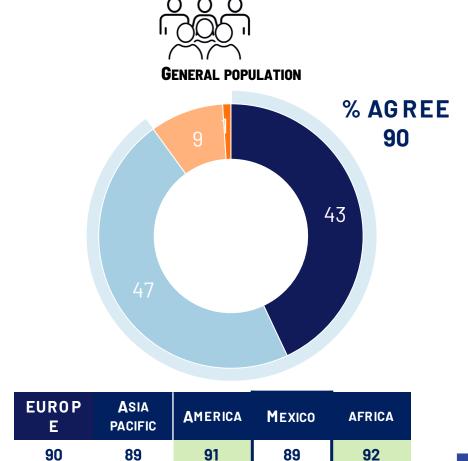
91

**PACIFIC** 

94

91

92



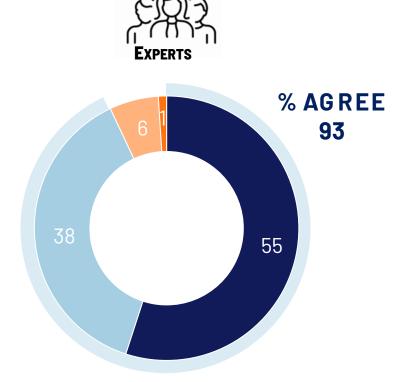


Would you say that in the recent years...



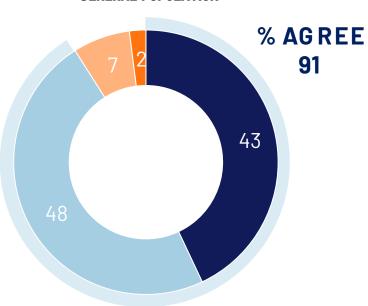
#### ...crises have a more and more important impact on people's life

New question



EUROP E	<b>A</b> SIA Pacific	AMERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA
91	96	95	92	91





EUROP E	ASIA Pacific	AMERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA
92	90	92	93	84



# IN A CONTEXT OF POLYCRISIS, FEARS ABOUT SOME RISKS REMAIN HIGH AND ARE INCREASING.





#### **TOP 10 FUTURE RISKS**

Please rank the top 5 future risks that you selected, based on their potential impact on society at large in the next 5 to 10 years.

This top 10 is a ranking of all risks; it has been calculated the same way since 2021. When a risk is ranked first, it gives it 5 points, 2nd 4 points, etc. up to 5th 1 point. The ranking is based on the total numbers of points per risk.





**GENERAL POPULATION** 

Climate change

Climate change

Geopolitical instability

New security threats and terrorism▲



Cyber security risks

Cyber security risks

Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data

Social tensions and movements

Social tensions and movements

Pandemics and infectious diseases \(\neg \)



Natural resources and biodiversity risks

Geopolitical instability  $\triangle$ 



Energy risks

Financial stability risks



New security threats and terrorism

Pollution



9

Energy risks \(\neg{r}\)



Financial stability risks

10

Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data  $\triangle$ 



#### EVOLUTION OF THE TOP 10 FUTURE RISKS FOR THE EXPERTS: DIGITAL

RISKS ARE STILL AT A HIGH LEVEL WHILE THE FEAR OF SECURITY AND SOCIETAL RISKS ARE INCREASING (GEOPOLITICAL INSTABILITY, SOCIAL TENSIONS, TERRORISM)..

**Environment & Energy** 



Economy, Finance &

**Medicine & Health** 

Please rank the top 5 future risks that you selected, based on their potential impact on society at large in the next 5 to 10 years

\*This top 10 is a ranking of all risks; it has been calculated the same way since 2018. When a risk is ranked first, it gives it 5 points, 2nd 4 points, etc. up to 5th 1 point. The ranking is based on the total numbers of points per risk.

Society, Politics &

0	n society at large in the next 5 to 10 years.	Environment & Energy	reen a bata		Regulation	riculoi	ne a neam	Business Environment
	2021	202	2		2023			2024
1	Climate change	Climate ch	nange		Climate change		CI	mate change
2	Cyber security risks	Geopolitical i	nstability		Cyber security risks		Geop	olitical instability
3	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Cyber secur	ity risks		Geopolitical instability		Cybe	r security risks
4	Geopolitical instability	Energy 1	isks	Risks rel	ated to Artificial Intellige big data	ence and	Risks related to	Artificial Intelligence and big data
5	Social discontent and local conflicts	Pandemics and infe	ctious diseases		Energy risks		Social tens	sions and movements
6	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Social tensions ar	nd movements	Natural	resources and biodiversi	ity risks	Natural resour	ces and biodiversity risks
7	New security threats and terrorism	Natural resources and	biodiversity risks		Financial stability risks		E	nergy risks
8	Financial stability risks	Financial stab	ility risks	Soc	ial tensions and moveme	ents	New securit	y threats and terrorism
9	Macro-economic risks	Macro-econo	mic risks	Pande	emics and infectious dise	eases	Pandemics a	and infectious diseases
10	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Monetary and fisca	l policies risks		Macro-economic risks		Finan	cial stability risks

**Tech & Data** 

#### EVOLUTION OF THE TOP 10 FUTURE RISKS : RISKS ASSOCIATED TO AI AND BIG

DATA ARE NOW AMONG THE 10 MOST FEARED RISKS, SECURITY AND SOCIETAL

**GENERAL POPULATION** 

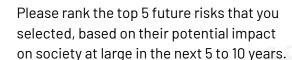
RISKS ARE INCREASING EVERYWHERE (GEOPOLITICAL INSTABILITY, SOCIAL TENSIONS,

TERRORISM).

\*This top 10 is a ranking of all risks; it has been calculated the same way since 2021. When a risk is ranked first, it gives it 5 points, 2nd 4 points, etc. up to 5th 1 point. The ranking is based on the total numbers of points per risk.

	Please rank the top 5 future risks that you	g	отог ар то отт рошти			, p	
	selected, based on their potential impact on society at large in the next 5 to 10 years.	Environment & Energy	Tech & Data	Society, Politics & Regulation	Medicine	& Health	Economy, Finance & Business Environment
	2021	2022		2023			2024
1	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Climate cha	inge	Climate change			Climate change
2	Climate change	Pandemic and infectious o	i	Pandemics and infectious disease	s	New secu	ırity threats and terrorism
3	New security threats and terrorism	Geopolitical in	stability	Cyber security risks		Су	ber security risks
4	Cyber security risks	Cyber securit	y risks	Social tensions and moven	nents	Social t	ensions and movements
5	Pollution	Energy ris	sks	Energy risks	<b>T</b>	Pandemic	s and infectious diseases
6	Social discontent and local conflicts	New security threats	and terrorism	New security threats and ter	rorism 🛕	Ge	opolitical instability
7	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Social tensions and	movements	Financial stability risks		Fin	ancial stability risks
8	Financial stability risks	Pollution	n	Pollution			Pollution
9	Geopolitical instability	Natural reso and biodiversi		Geopolitical instability	_		Energy risks
10	Chronic illnesses	Financial stabil	ity risks	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	<b>^</b>	Risks rela	ted to Artificial Intelligence and big data

#### TOP 10 FUTURE RISKS PER CLUSTER - EXPERTS



\*This top 10 is a ranking of all risks; it has been calculated the same way since 2018. When a risk is ranked first, it gives it 5 points, 2nd 4 points, etc. up to 5th 1 point. The ranking is based on the total numbers of points per risk.



		AMA JERIAS	· Andrew T	700	
	America	Mexico	Africa	Europe	Asia Pacific and Middle East
1	Climate change	Climate change	Climate change	Climate change	Climate change
2	Cyber security risks	Cyber security risks	Cyber security risks	Geopolitical instability	Cyber security risks
3	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Geopolitical instability	Cyber security risks	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data
4	Geopolitical instability	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Social tensions and movements	Geopolitical instability
5	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Chronic illnesses	Financial stability risks	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Financial stability risks
6	Social tensions and movements	Social tensions and movements	Energy risks 🔻	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Pandemics and infectious diseases
7	Energy risks	Energy risks	Macro-economic risks	Energy risks	Energy risks
8	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Risks related to changing demographics	Pollution
9	New security threats and terrorism	Geopolitical instability	Pandemics and infectious disease	New security threats and terrorism	Natural resources and biodiversity risks
10	Monetary and fiscal policies risks	Macro-economic risks	Monetary and fiscal policies risks	Macro-economic risks	Ethical risks regarding the use of technology

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#### TOP 10 FUTURE RISKS PER CLUSTER - GENERAL POPULATION

GENERAL POPULATION

Please rank the top 5 future risks that you selected, based on their potential impact on society at large in the next 5 to 10 years.

\*This top 10 is a ranking of all risks; it has been calculated the same way since 2021. When a risk is ranked first, it gives it 5 points, 2nd 4 points, etc. up to 5th 1 point. The ranking is based on the total numbers of points per risk.

	America	Mexico	Africa	Europe	Asia Pacific and Middle East
1	Climate change	Climate change	<u>Climate change</u>	<u>Climate change</u>	Climate change
2	New security threats and terrorism	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Pollution	Geopolitical instability	Cyber security risks
3	Cyber security risks	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Social tensions and movements	Pandemics and infectious diseases
4	Social tensions and movements	Chronic illnesses	New security threats and terrorism	New security threats and terrorism	Geopolitical instability
5	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Energy risks	Chronic illnesses	Pollution	Financial stability risks
6	Financial stability risks	New security threats and terrorism	Cyber security risks	Pandemics and infectious diseases	Social tensions and movements
7	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Cyber security risks	Financial stability risks	Cyber security risks	Energy risks
8	Chronic illnesses	Risks related to the future of Work	Social tensions and movements	Energy risks	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data
9	Energy risks	Financial stability risks	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	New security threats and terrorism
10	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Long-term exposure to harmful substances	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	Natural resources and biodiversity risks



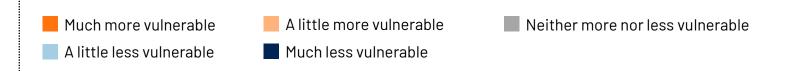
### **GLOBAL VULNERABILITY RISES IN 2024**

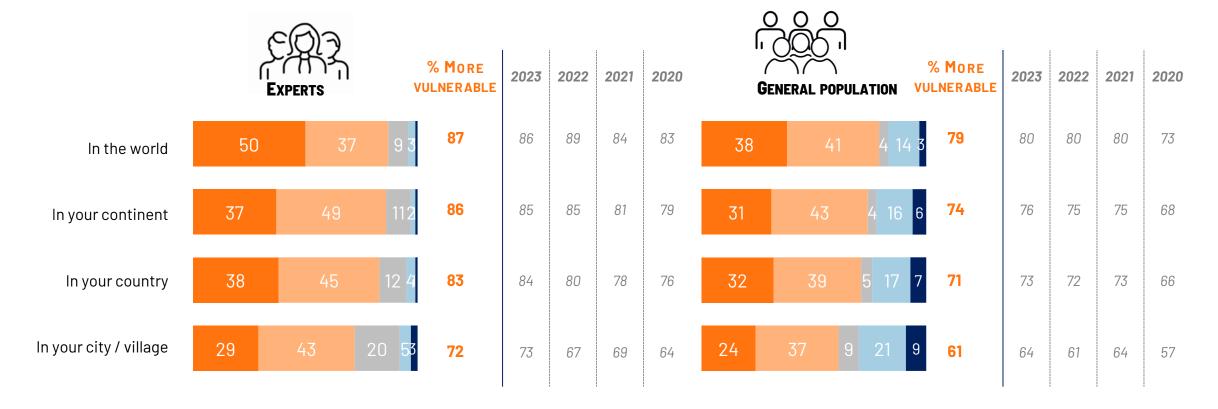
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## **LEVEL OF VULNERABILITY:** THE GLOBAL FEELING OF VULNERABILITY REMAINS VERY HIGH, WELL ABOVE THE LEVEL MEASURED IN 2020

When you think about the way in which things have been evolving in the past 5 years, would you say that people are...







## **LEVEL OF VULNERABILITY:** A FEELING OF VULNERABILITY VERY HIGH IN ALL COUNTRIES, IN ALL COUNTRIES, EXPERTS ARE MUCH MORE LIKELY THAN NATIONAL POPULATIONS TO CONSIDER THEIR COUNTRY TO BE VULNERABLE



When you think about the way in which things have been evolving in the past 5 years, would you say that people are...



% More vulnerable		EUROPE	FRANCE	BELGIUM	UNITED KINGDOM	ITALY	SPAIN	SWITZERLAND	GERMANY	AFRICA
	ALL									
In the world	87	89	88	86	95	95	91	86	92	91
In your continent	86	88	85	89	88	91	88	85	91	89
In your country	83	82	85	80	87	91	89	54	80	86
In your city / village	<b>72</b>	66	71	65	61	74	77	37	65	82

% More vulnerable		ASIA Pacific	JAPAN	THAILAND	PHILIPPINES	  NDONESIA	SOUTH KOREA
	ALL						
In the world	87	83	77	81	88	82	82
In your continent	86	81	82	80	89	80	78
In your country	83	79	74	74	97	81	72
In your city / village	<b>72</b>	73	65	70	85	74	70

AMERICA	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	<b>M</b> EXICO	COLOMBIA
86	93	83	84
88	89	87	86
87	86	86	88
80	65	80	88



### **LEVEL OF VULNERABILITY:** A FEELING OF VULNERABILITY LESS IMPORTANT IN ASIA PACIFIC CLUSTER, COMPARED TO OTHER CLUSTERS (EUROPE, AMERICA AND AFRICA)



When you think about the way in which things have been evolving in the past 5 years, would you say that people are...

% More vulnerable		EUROPE	FRANCE	BELGIUM	UK	ITALY	SPAIN	SWITZER -LAND	GERMANY	ASIA PACIFIC	JAPAN	CHINA	Hong Kong	AUSTRALIA	AMERICA	USA	MEXICO	AFRICA	Nigeria	Morocco
	ALL																			
In the world	79	80	80	83	83	78	79	81	78	71	62	70	69	82	80	81	79	82	86	78
In your continent	74	76	79	80	78	76	78	72	72	65	67	51	67	75	76	77	76	79	86	73
In your country	<b>7</b> 1	73	80	78	77	76	78	54	67	61	69	36	64	74	76	76	74	74	85	63
In your city / village	61	59	59	66	60	69	70	40	47	55	66	29	58	64	65	64	69	67	81	54



#### AMONG GENERAL POPULATIONS, THE LEVEL OF VULNERABILITY "IN DAILY LIFE" IS INCREASING AND REACHING RECORDS FOR ALL 25 RISKS

**TESTED:** CLIMATE CHANGE AND POLLUTION ARE AT THEIR HIGHEST.

top 5:		el vulnera	e risk in their able to this risk	<u>CD3</u>		<u>- 000</u>				
2022	2023	MEXIC 0 2024		EXPERTS		GENERAL POPULATION	MEXIC 0 2024	2023	2022	2021
76	75	*	78		Pollution	77	89	73	71	74
69	70	*	74		Long-term exposure to harmful substances	73	79	67	65	71
71	73	79	73		Cyber security risks	73	83	68	67	71
71	72	*	71		Ethical risks regarding the use of technology	71	79	68	68	72
67	70	86	70		Climate change	77	91	73	73	71
72	68	*	69		Monetary and fiscal policies risks	73	78	70	68	67
67	65	62	68		Chronic illnesses	72	82	69	69	71
72	65	82	66		Pandemics and infectious diseases	70	83	68	68	72
68	68	81	66		Natural resources and biodiversity risks	71	88	66	66	67
73	67	62	65		Energy risks	75	83	72	71	63
56	62	79	64		Social tensions and movements	70	79	66	60	61
57	54	*	62		Risks related to evolving regulation and litigation	71	81	66	65	69
59	61	*	61		Financial stability risks	68	76	64	63	64
© Ipsos	AXA Future r	isks survey 20	024	*n<30	21		70			<b>Ipsos</b>

### IN A POLYCRISIS ERA WHERE THE FEELING OF VULNERABILITY IS VERY HIGH, THE RISK OF MISINFORMATION RAISES VERY STRONG FEARS.





## THE FEELING THAT THE GENERAL PUBLIC IS VERY VULNERABLE TO MISINFORMATION IS WIDESPREAD, EVEN MORE AMONG RISKS EXPERTS.

And do you believe the general population in Yes, absolutely Yes, partly No, not really No, not at all your country can accurately distinguish between true and false information on social media platforms? New question **EXPERTS GENERAL POPULATION** % YES % YES 25 40 12 17 22 48 **EUROPE ASIA PACIFIC EUROPE** ASIA PACIFIC **AMERICA AFRICA AMERICA AFRICA** 36 40 42 22 38 18 9 47



#### THIS FEELING IS WIDESPREAD EVERYWHERE,

#### EVEN THOUGH ASIAN EXPERTS AND POPULATIONS ARE A LITTLE LESS SEVERE THAN OTHERS

And do you believe the general population in your country can accurately distinguish between true and false information on social media platforms?

Yes, absolutely Yes, partly

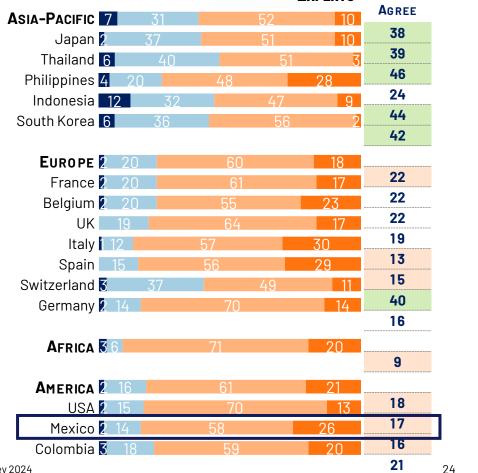
**EXPERTS** 

No, not really

No, not at all

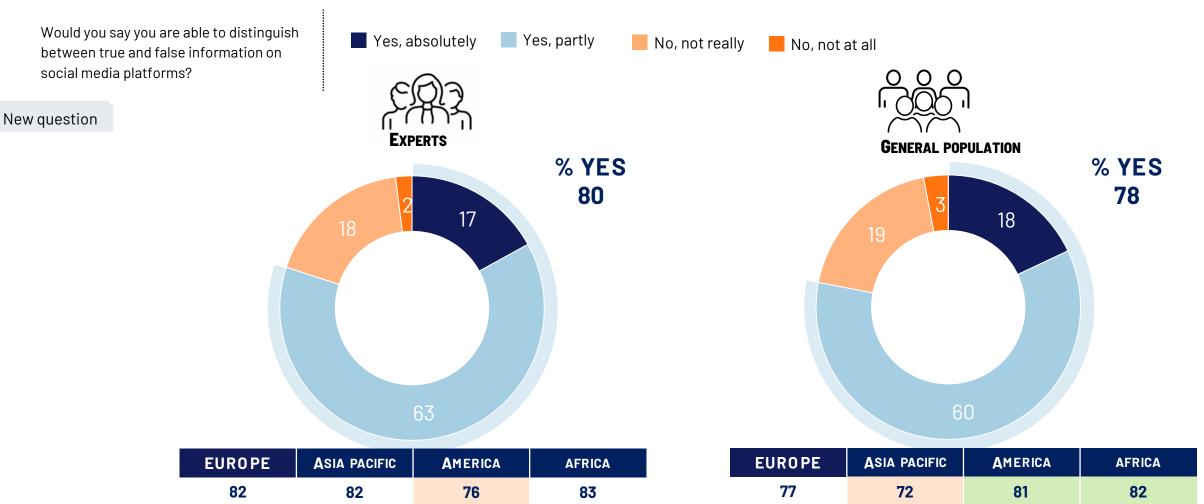
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New question



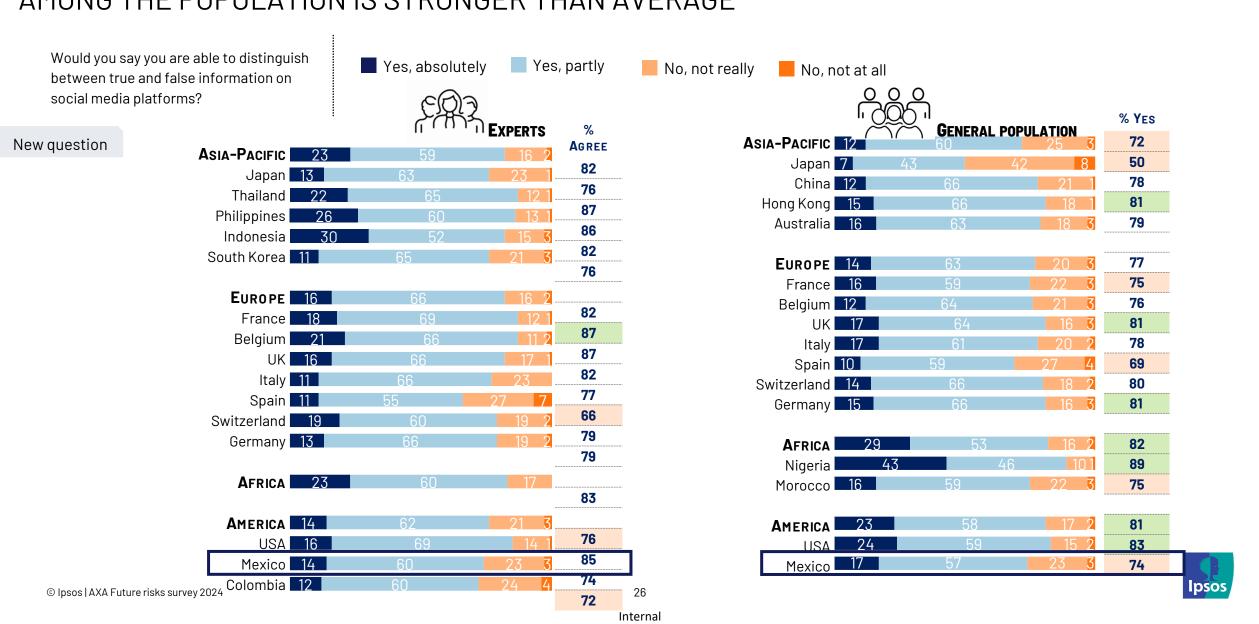
	ر پُرُوُکِی ۔	-	<b>ON</b>	0/ <b>V</b> =-
_		ENERAL POPULATI	UN	% YES
Asia-Pacific 8	39	46	7	47
Japan <mark>4</mark>	32	53	11	36
China 1	43	42	4	54
Hong Kong 🚹	4 49	35	2	63
Australia 5	30	53	12	35
EUROPE 5	31	51	13	36
France 5	28	53	14	33
Belgium 4	28	56	12	32
UK 10	29	50	11	39
Italy 5	27	54	14	32
Spain 5	27	52	16	32
Switzerland 4	39	45	12	43
Germany 6	38	44	12	44
AFRICA T	6 26	48	10	42
Nigeria 📉	27 25	39	9	52
Morocco 5	27	57	11	32
AMERICA 10	30	47	13	40
USA 1	29	47	13	40
Mexico 10	29	48	13	39

## **BUT THERE IS A WORRYING PHENOMENON:** THE VAST MAJORITY OF PEOPLE CONSIDER THEMSELVES TO BE "FAIRLY" CAPABLE OF IDENTIFYING FALSE INFORMATION, AND THEREFORE DO NOT FEEL VULNERABLE





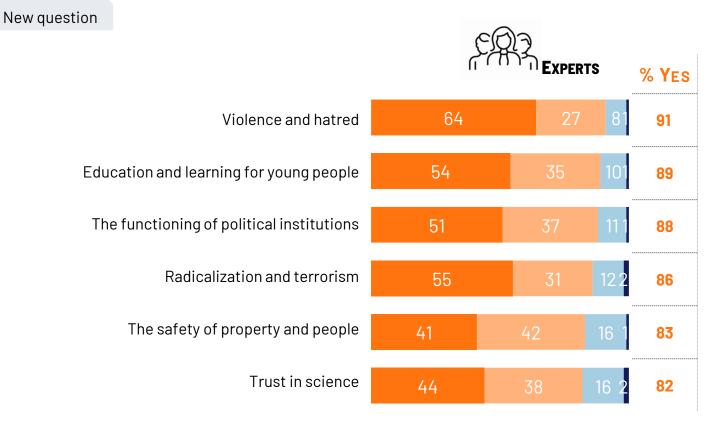
#### THIS PERCEPTION IS SHARED AMONG ALL COUNTRIES, BUT IN SOME COUNTRIES MORE AFFECTED WITH FAKE NEWS RECENTLY (NIGERIA, ITALY, USA), THE FEELING AMONG THE POPULATION IS STRONGER THAN AVERAGE

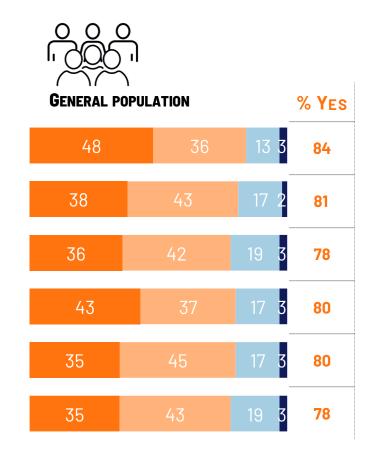


## FOR THE MAJORITY OF EXPERTS, THE IMPACT OF MISINFORMATION HAS ALREADY SPREAD AND IS CONTRIBUTING TO PROBLEMS OF VIOLENCE, EDUCATION, TERRORISM AND IN THE FUNCTIONING OF DEMOCRACY.

In your country today, do you feel that the spread of false information has serious consequences in the following areas?









#### THE CONSEQUENCES OF MISINFORMATION ARE MUCH MORE IDENTIFIED IN EUROPE, AMERICA AND IN AFRICA (FOR THE GENERAL POPULATION).

In your country today, do you feel that the spread of false information has serious consequences in the following areas?

Yes, absolutely + Yes, partly

New question	EXPERTS								GENERAL POPULATION								
	CQ2																
	(L ( () ) J	EUROP E	<b>A</b> SIA Pacific	AMERICA	<b>M</b> EXICO	AFRICA		EUROPE	ASIA PACIFIC	AMERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA					
Violence and hatred	91	94	83	95	94	89	84	87	72	89	85	86					
Education and learning for young people	89	90	84	93	93	94	81	79	74	85	84	85					
The functioning of political institutions	88	87	86	92	91	91	<b>78</b>	77	69	85	78	81					
Radicalization and terrorism	86	92	76	88	79	77	80	84	66	85	75	80					
The safety of property and people	83	80	81	91	90	71	80	79	75	85	79	83					
Trust in science	82	85	77	84	79	74	<b>78</b>	77	70	82	80	80					

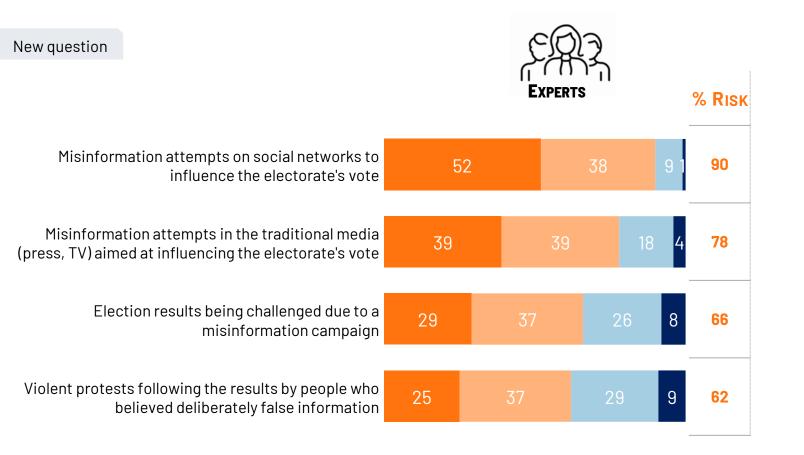


## FOR EXPERTS AND NATIONAL POPULATIONS, THE RISKS OF INFLUENCING THE VOTE, OR EVEN CHALLENGING THE RESULTS OF THE NEXT ELECTIONS

THROUGH MISINFORMATION ARE SIGNIFICANT, EVEN MAJOR.

In the upcoming major elections in your country, how would you rate the risk of the following events occurring?









#### RISKS HIGHLY IDENTIFIED IN AMERICA

In the upcoming major elections in your country, how would you rate the risk of the following events occurring?

A major risk + A significant risk

New questior	1
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#### **EXPERTS**



	11 ' ' ' ' 11	EUROP	ASIA	<b>A</b> MERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA
Misinformation attempts on socia networks to influence the electorate's vote	90	<b>E</b> 90	PACIFIC 86	97	95	71
Misinformation attempts in the traditional media (press, TV) aimed at influencing the electorate's vote	e <b>78</b>	69	82	93	89	57
Election results being challenged due to a misinformation campaign	nn	47	75	91	85	57
Violent protests following the results by people who believed deliberately false information	<b>62</b>	48	71	80	55	49

#### GENERAL POPULATION

	EUROP E	<b>A</b> SIA Pacific	<b>A</b> MERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA
83	79	80	88	89	83
77	70	76	86	88	78
69	57	61	85	86	75
69	57	63	84	79	<b>7</b> 5

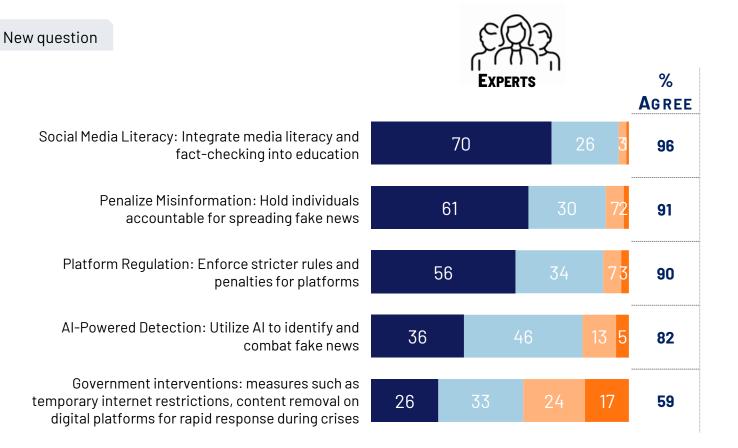


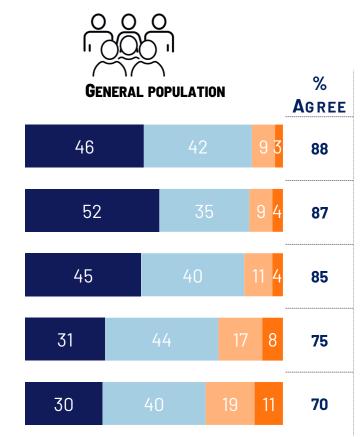
#### EXPERTS AND GENERAL POPULATIONS ARE NOW LARGELY IN FAVOR OF

## USING BOTH PREVENTIVE AND REPRESSIVE SOLUTIONS TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF MISINFORMATION.

Would you agree or disagree with each of the following solutions to prevent the spread of misinformation?









## IN ASIA PACIFIC CLUSTER, MANY EXPERTS ARE A BIT LESS CONVINCED BY THESE DIFFERENT MEASURES (BUT THERE ARE REAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES)



Would you agree or disagree with each of the following solutions to prevent the spread of misinformation?

■ Totally agree ■ Somawhat agree ■ Somewhat disagree ■ Totally disagree

ALL COUNTRIES

New question

% Totally agree

		ASIA Pacific	JAPAN	THAILAND	PHILIPPINES	INDONESIA	SOUTH KOREA
	ALL						
Social Media Literacy: Integrate media literacy and fact-checking into education	70	64	57	53	89	69	47
Penalize Misinformation: Hold individuals accountable for spreading fake news	61	55	44	48	83	60	35
Platform Regulation: Enforce stricter rules and penalties for platforms	56	49	36	40	68	55	29
Al-Powered Detection: Utilize Al to identify and combat fake news	36	35	34	29	48	43	17
Government interventions: measures such as temporary internet restrictions, content removal on digital platforms for rapid response during crises	26	29	13	23	42	38	17

AMERICA	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	<b>M</b> EXICO	COLOMBIA	AFRICA
25		0.4	0.5	0.7
65	64	64	67	83
62	58	54	66	71
57	44	51	65	63
43	27	48	46	49
24	12	17	32	31



## RESPONDENTS FROM WESTERN COUNTRIES TEND TO BE LESS CONVINCED BY THESE MEASURES, EVEN IF A MAJORITY IS IN FAVOR



Would you agree or disagree with each of the following solutions to prevent the spread of misinformation?

■ Totally agree ■ Somawhat agree ■ Somewhat disagree ■ Totally disagree

ALL COUNTRIES

New question

% Totally agree

		EUROPE	FRANCE	BELGIUM	UK	TALY	SPAIN	SWITZER -LAND	GERMANY	ASIA PACIFIC	JAPAN	CHINA	Hong Kong	AUSTRALIA	AMERICA	USA	MEXICO	AFRICA	NIGERIA	Morocco
	ALL																			
Penalize Misinformation: Hold individuals accountable for spreading fake news	52	48	49	42	56	52	52	41	48	47	41	60	34	51	54	53	58	72	75	69
Social Media Literacy: Integrate media literacy and fact-checking into education	46	45	44	44	49	48	44	43	42	38	33	46	28	43	47	47	45	67	74	59
Platform Regulation: Enforce stricter rules and penalties for platforms	45	44	49	41	50	45	41	38	44	40	31	56	27	45	43	41	50	60	63	56
Al-Powered Detection: Utilize Al to identify and combat fake news	31	26	29	24	28	23	27	20	30	25	18	39	20	22	31	28	45	59	67	51
Government interventions: measures such as temporary internet restrictions, content removal on digital platforms for rapid response during crises	30	28	34	27	31	27	26	22	31	29	17	48	26	26	28	27	33	48	50	45



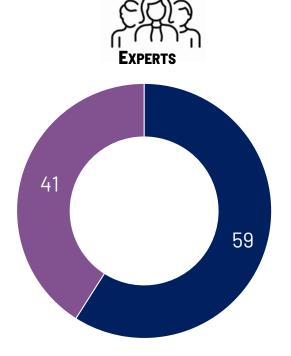
### FEARS ABOUT THE POSSIBLE IMPACT OF MISINFORMATION ARE SUCH THAT EXPERTS AND GENERAL POPULATIONS ARE EVEN IN FAVOR OF

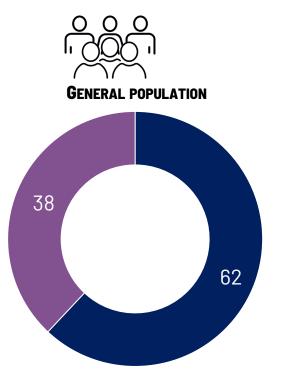
LIMITING FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION TO COMBAT FAKE NEWS.

Which of the following do you most agree with?

- The most important thing is to ensure that misinformation and "fake news" do not circulate and influence citizens, even if this reduces freedom of speech
- The most important is **to guarantee freedom of expression for all citizens**, even if this can lead to misinformation and "fake news" circulating more easily

New question







## THE USE OF POSSIBLE RESTRICTIONS ON FREEDOM OF SPEECH TO COMBAT MISINFORMATION IS SUPPORTED IN ALMOST ALL COUNTRIES BY

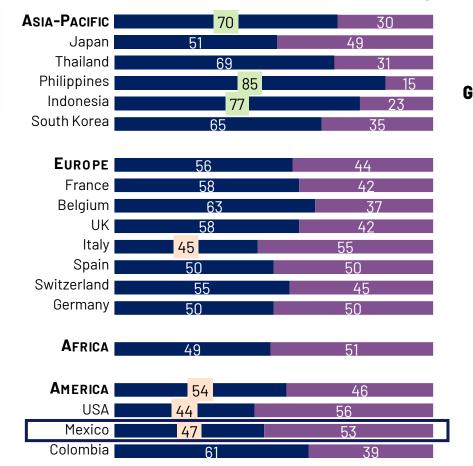
NATIONAL POPULATIONS.

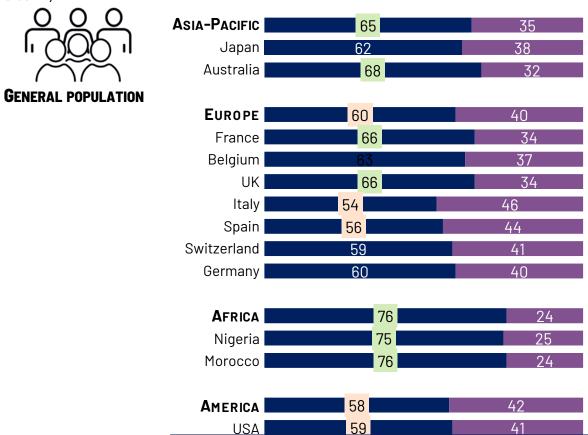
Which of the following do you most agree with?

- The most important thing is to ensure that misinformation and "fake news" do not circulate and influence citizens, even if this reduces freedom of speech
- The most important is to guarantee freedom of expression for all citizens, even if this can lead to misinformation and "fake news" circulating more easily









51

Mexico

49

**Ipsos** 

FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC, AWARENESS ON FUTURE RISKS AND PREPAREDNESS OF NATIONAL PUBLIC AUTHORITIES ARE IMPROVING SLIGHTLY, BUT EXPERTS REMAIN HIGHLY CRITICAL





## WHILE EXPERTS ARE STILL VERY CRITICAL OF THE LEVEL OF PREPAREDNESS OF NATIONAL AUTHORITIES FOR FUTURE RISKS, NATIONAL POPULATIONS ARE MORE CONFIDENT

Would you say that public authorities are well prepared for the emergence of this risk?

2022	2023
24	27
25	26
25	23
33	30
27	31
23	19
20	22
19	19
27	23
23	25
20	22
19	24
17	21

503		
EXPERTS		GENERAL POPULATION
27	Financial stability risks	39 🛕
27	Cyber security risks	41
26	New security threats and terrorism	39
26	Pandemics and infectious diseases	41
25	Chronic illnesses	48
23	Risks related to medical advances and innovations	55
23	Pollution	39
22	Ethical risks regarding the use of technology	43
22	Tech-related economic risks	48
22	Risks related to the future of Work	42
22	Geopolitical instability	34
22	Energy risks	41
22	Macro-economic risks	45

37	37
41	40
38	39
41	42
49	48
52	49
37	35
42	45
46	44
44	46
37	35
39	36
44	41

## IN PARTICULAR, THE MOST DANGEROUS RISKS OF THE FUTURE ARE THOSE FOR WHICH THE LEVEL OF PREPAREDNESS IS PERCEIVED TO BE THE LOWEST: CLIMATE CHANGE, RISKS RELATED TO AI OR SOCIAL TENSIONS

Would you say that public authorities are well prepared for the emergence of this risk?

2022	2023
19	23
20	25
6	13
24	21
17	17
15	14
14	15
14	15
13	14
10	12
14	7
13	12

ERR3		
EXPERTS		GENERAL POPULATION
22	Risks related to changing health practices and new occupational diseases	51
20	Monetary and fiscal policies risks	39
19	Space and planetary risks	58 🛕
19	Risks related to evolving regulation and litigation	59
18	Disruptive technologies	56
17	Risks related to smart and autonomous systems	44
14	Risks related to changing demographics	40 🔻
14	Climate change	32
13	Social tensions and movements	32
12	Long-term exposure to harmful substances	41
12	Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	32
10	Natural resources and biodiversity risks	36

2023	2022
51	47
37	37
50	48
57	53
50	47
37	40
43	41
30	27
32	32
40	37
29	39
34	31



## EXPERTS IN EUROPE AND AMERICA ARE PARTICULARLY SEVERE ABOUT THE LEVEL OF PREPAREDNESS OF PUBLIC



would you say that public authorities are well prepared for the emergence of this risk?

% YES

ALL COUNTRIES

:						
		EUROPE	ASIA PACIFIC	<b>A</b> MERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA
	ALL					
Financial stability risks	27	23	40	12	*	*
Cyber security risks	27	23	37	20	10	20
New security threats and terrorism	26	32	24	15	*	67
Pandemics and infectious diseases	26	18	40	18	21	*
Chronic illnesses	25	16	43	15	16	25
Risks related to medical advances and innovations	23	19	25	23	*	50
Pollution	23	15	34	4	*	20
Ethical risks regarding the use of technology	22	12	32	19	*	50
Tech-related economic risks	22	8	32	16	*	100
Risks related to the future of Work	22	12	31	18	*	*
Geopolitical instability	22	20	30	16	8	42
Energy risks	22	22	32	11	12	*
Macro-economic risks	22	14	38	16	*	13



### ON THE CONTRARY, ASIAN EXPERTS TEND TO BE A MORE POSITIVE EVEN IF THEY ALSO SHARE A SEVERE



WoEd Ru C Eat public LOor N s are well prepared for the emergence of this risk?

% YES

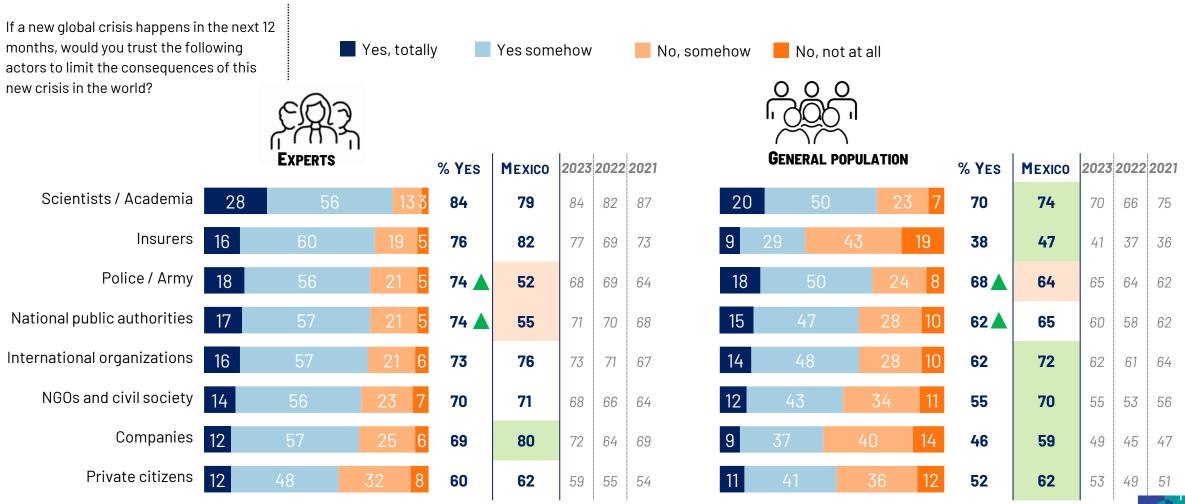
ALL COUNTRIES

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
		EUROPE	ASIA PACIFIC	<b>A</b> MERICA	MEXICO	AFRICA
	ALL					
Risks related to changing health practices and new occupational diseases	22	12	30	20	*	*
Monetary and fiscal policies risks	20	13	35	11	*	*
Space and planetary risks	19	4	31	21	*	*
Risks related to evolving regulation and litigation	19	8	43	8	*	*
Disruptive technologies	18	9	28	13	*	*
Risks related to smart and autonomous systems	17	6	29	14	*	50
Risks related to changing demographics	14	11	23	13	*	*
Climate change	14	11	25	8	6	4
Social tensions and movements	13	11	25	9	9	38
Long-term exposure to harmful substances	12	11	18	10	*	*
Risks related to Artificial Intelligence and big data	11	8	18	7	5	13
Natural resources and biodiversity risks	10	9	17	8	5	*



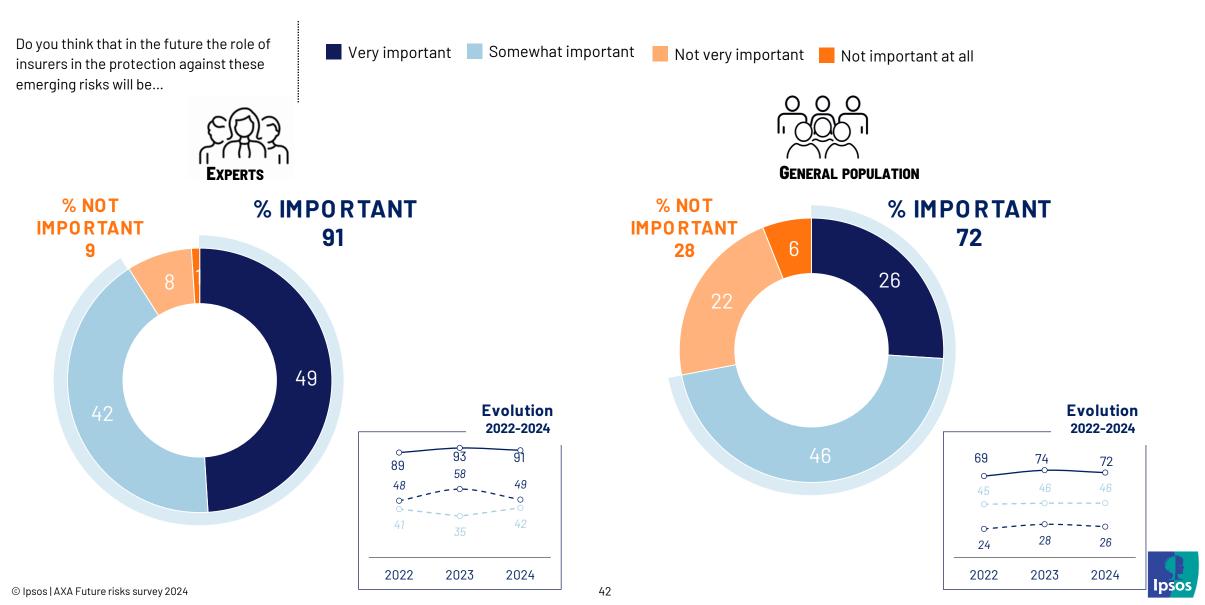
## IN ORDER TO DEAL WITH FUTURE CRISES, THE POPULATION'S TRUST IN THE VARIOUS INSTITUTIONAL ACTORS REMAINS STABLE OVERALL, BUT

TRUST IN THE POLICE AND ARMY IS ON THE RISE AT A TIME OF INCREASING FEAR.

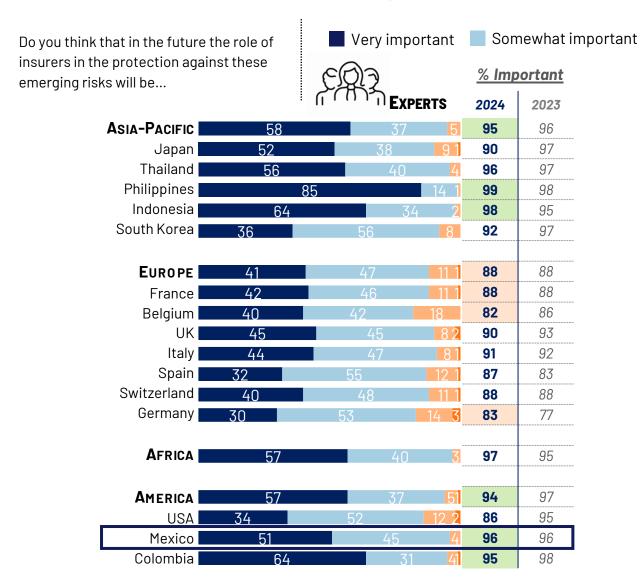


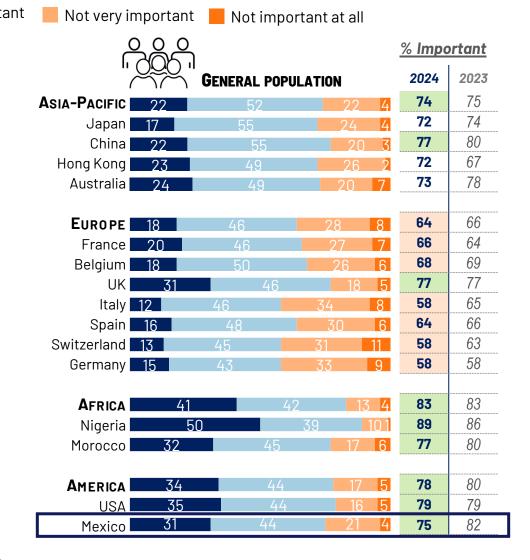
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### THE ROLE OF INSURERS CONTINUES TO BE SEEN AS IMPORTANT IN THE PROTECTION OF PEOPLE FROM EMERGING RISKS.



## THE ROLE OF INSURERS IS CONSIDERED IMPORTANT IN ALL COUNTRIES, EVEN IF THIS PERCEPTION IS A BIT LESS SHARED IN EUROPE







### THE CALL TO ACTION OF RISKS EXPERTS

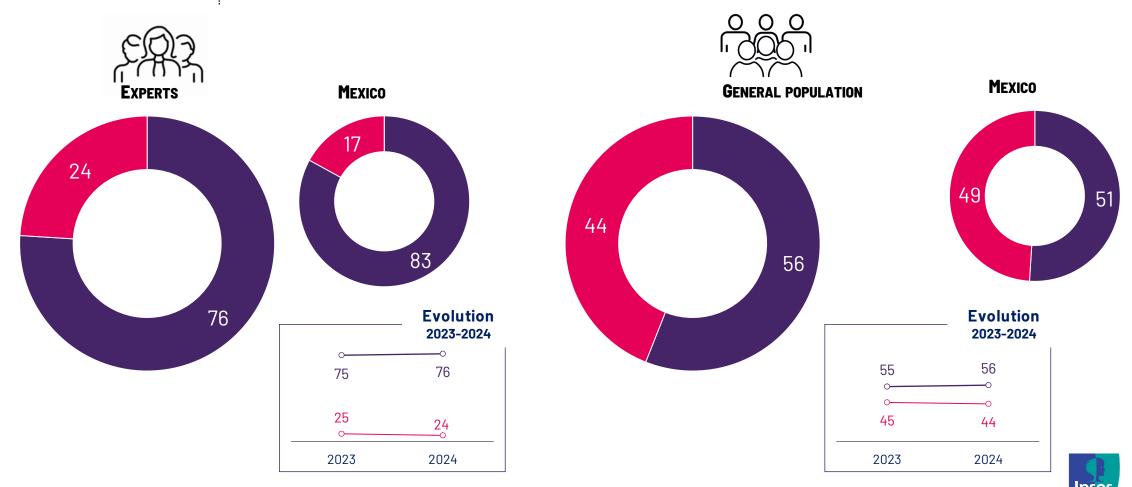
# 06



# IDEALLY, THE IDEA THAT RISKS ARE INCREASINGLY INTERCONNECTED ALLCOUNTRIES REQUIRE CROSS-DISCIPLINARY SOLUTIONS IS WIDELY SHARED BY EXPERTS, BUT SOMEWHAT LESS SO BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC

Regarding future risks and solutions, to which of the following options do you feel closer?

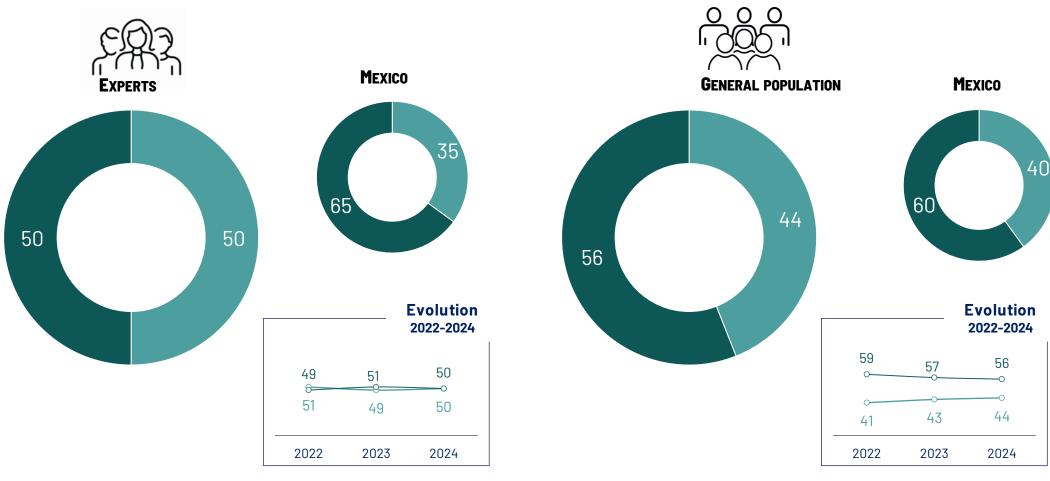
- Risks are becoming more and more interconnected and need transversal and holistic solutions to avoid future crisis
- Future risks have their own specificities and deserve specific and focused solutions



### GENERAL POPULATION STILL THINK THAT GLOBALIZATION WILL INCREASE, BUT THE SHARE OF THOSE THINKING THE OPPOSITE IS INCREASING AGAIN

Regarding risks that may happen at the global level in the future, to which of the following opinions do you feel closer?

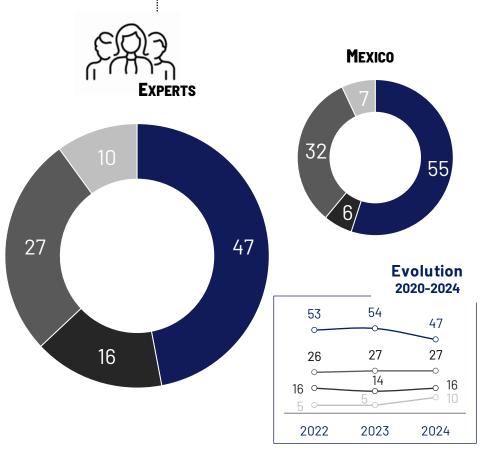
- Globalization will slow down overtime, as most countries in the world will try to protect themselves from global risks
- Globalization will increase overtime, as most countries will try to find collective solutions to global risks



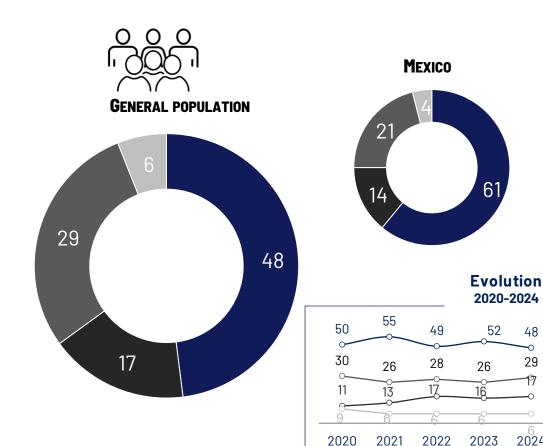
#### IF GLOBAL LEVEL REMAIN PERCEIVED AS THE MOST EFFECTIVE ONE, THERE IS AN IMPORTANT DECREASE, BOTH AMONG EXPERTS AND GENERAL POPULATION, OF THIS PERCEPTION

At the continents' level

When you think of these future risks, at what level should decisions be made to be most effective?



At global level



At the cities' level

At the countries' level

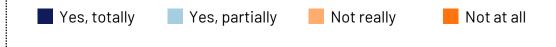


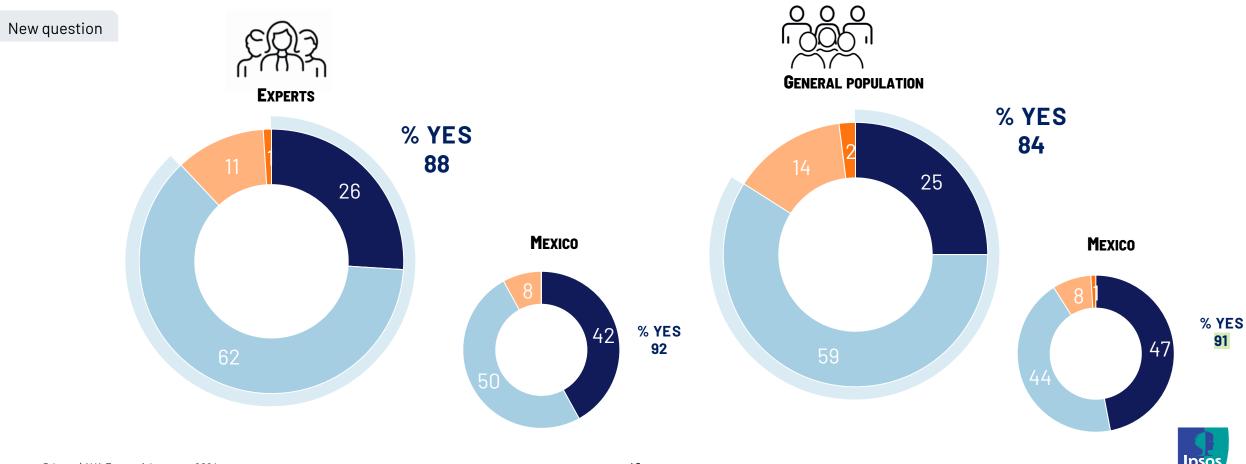
2024

48

## FOR THE MAJORITY OF THE EXPERTS AND THE GENERAL POPULATION, THE MOST SERIOUS RISKS COULD BE PARTLY AVOIDED THROUGH PREVENTION

When you think about the risks that worry you the most, would you say that they could be avoided with a strong action of prevention?





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